Resource Access Manager

Service Overview

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1 What Is RAM?

Overview

Resource Access Manager (RAM) helps you securely share resources across accounts. If you have several Huawei Cloud accounts, you can create resources once in one account and use RAM to share those resources with the other accounts, eliminating the need to create duplicate resources in each account.

If your account is managed by Organizations, you can directly share resources with member accounts, OUs, or the entire organization. You can also specify an account ID to share resources with that account, regardless of whether the account is part of an organization.

Functions

Managing resource shares

You can use RAM to centrally manage resource shares. Specifically, a resource owner (a principal sharing with you) can share a specified resource with an organization, OU, or account, and also update or delete the resource share at any time.

A resource user (a principal you share with) can accept or reject resource sharing invitations, view the information about the resource shares, and leave the resource shares if you no longer need to access their shared resources.

Viewing resource shares

A resource owner can view the information about the shared resources and the resource users.

A resource user can view the information about the shared resources and the resource owner.

Sharing with Organizations

When Sharing with Organizations is enabled, a resource owner can share specified resources with an organization, OUs, or member accounts. By default, the accounts in the same organization as the resource owner accept the resource sharing invitations.

How RAM Works

When you share resources with another account, you are granting principals in that account permissions to access the shared resources. Only those permissions selected for resource sharing can be granted to principals. The permissions associated with the resource share determine what the principals can do with the resources in the resource share.

The following figure demonstrates how RAM works.

Figure 1-1 How RAM works



Accessing RAM

You can access RAM using the management console or HTTPS-compliant application programming interfaces (APIs).

- Using the management console
 Access RAM through the management console a browser-based visual interface. Log in to the management console, click in the upper left corner, and choose Management & Governance > Resource Access Manager.
- Using APIs

Use this method if you want to integrate RAM into a third-party system for secondary development. For detailed operations, see **Resource Access**Manager API Reference.

2 RAM Advantages

Simplified Resource Management

You can create a resource once in one account and use RAM to share that resource with other accounts, eliminating the need to create and provision duplicate resources in each account. This simplifies resource management and reduces operational overhead. The resource owner can use RAM to centrally manage different types of resources and configure resource shares to share resources with other accounts. This ensures consistent resource configurations and improves operational efficiency.

Improved Management Security

RAM has a single set of permissions preconfigured for different types of resources, and resource users are only allowed to access the resources they have the permissions for. This improves the security of resource sharing.

Organizational Resource Sharing

When you use RAM to share resources with an organization or an OU, RAM automatically grants or denies the permissions to access the shared resources in an account if the account joins or leaves that organization or OU.

3 Permissions

If you need to assign different permissions to employees in your enterprise, Identity and Access Management (IAM) is a good choice for fine-grained permissions management. IAM provides identity authentication, permissions management, and access control, helping you to securely access your Huawei Cloud resources.

With IAM, you can create IAM users and assign permissions to control their access to RAM resources. If your account does not need individual IAM users for permissions management, you can skip this section.

IAM is a free service. You pay only for the resources in your account. For more information about IAM, see IAM Service Overview.

RAM Permissions

New IAM users do not have any permissions assigned by default. You need to first add them to one or more groups and attach policies or roles to these groups. The users then inherit permissions from the groups and can perform specified operations on cloud services based on the permissions they have been assigned.

RAM is a global service deployed for all regions. When you set the authorization scope to **Global services**, users have permission to access RAM in all regions.

You can grant permissions by using roles and policies.

- Roles: A coarse-grained authorization strategy provided by IAM to assign
 permissions based on users' job responsibilities. Only a limited number of
 service-level roles are available for authorization. Huawei Cloud services
 depend on each other. When you grant permissions using roles, you also need
 to attach dependent roles. Roles are not ideal for fine-grained authorization
 and least privilege access.
- Policies: A fine-grained authorization strategy that defines permissions required to perform operations on specific cloud resources under certain conditions. This type of authorization is more flexible and is ideal for least privilege access.

Table 3-1 lists all the system-defined permissions for RAM.

Table 3-1 System-defined permissions for RAM

Permission	Description
RAM FullAccess	Full permissions for RAM.
RAM ReadOnlyAccess	Read-only permissions for RAM.
RAM ResourceShareParticipantAccess	Permissions for accepting or reject a resource sharing invitation.

Table 3-2 lists the common operations supported by system-defined permissions for RAM.

Table 3-2 Common operations supported by system-defined permissions

Operation	RAM FullAccess	RAM ReadOnlyAcc ess	RAM ResourceShareParticipantAccess
Listing RAM managed permissions	Supported	Supported	Not supported
Getting the details about RAM managed permissions	Supported	Supported	Not supported
Creating a resource share	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Searching for resource shares	Supported	Supported	Supported
Updating a resource share	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Deleting a resource share	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Associating principals and resources with a resource share	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Disassociating principals and resources from a resource share	Supported	Not supported	Not supported

Operation	RAM FullAccess	RAM ReadOnlyAcc ess	RAM ResourceSharePar- ticipantAccess
Searching for associated principals and resources	Supported	Supported	Not supported
Attaching or replacing RAM managed permissions	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Detaching RAM managed permissions	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Listing attached RAM managed permissions	Supported	Supported	Not supported
Searching for shared resources	Supported	Supported	Supported
Searching for principals you share with	Supported	Supported	Supported
Accepting a resource sharing invitation	Supported	Not supported	Supported
Rejecting a resource sharing invitation	Supported	Not supported	Supported
Searching for a resource sharing invitation	Supported	Supported	Supported
Enabling Sharing with Organizations	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Disabling Sharing with Organizations	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Checking whether Sharing with Organizations is enabled	Supported	Supported	Not supported

4 Notes and Constraints

Your account has the following quotas for RAM. If the default quotas cannot meet your service requirements, apply for a higher quota. For details, see **Quotas**.

CAUTION

Accounts of different types cannot share resources with each other.

- Accounts registered with the Huawei Cloud Chinese Mainland website and accounts registered with the Huawei Cloud International website cannot share resources with each other.
- Huawei internal and external accounts cannot share resources with each other.

Table 4-1 Constraints on RAM

Item	Default Quota	Adjustable
Number of resource shares in an account	1000	Yes
Number of shared resources associated with a resource share	50	Yes
Number of permissions associated with a resource share	50	Yes
Number of principals associated with a resource share	50	Yes
Number of shared resources associated with all resource shares per account	5000	Yes
Number of permissions associated with all resource shares per account	5000	Yes
Number of principals associated with all resource shares per account	5000	Yes

Item	Default Quota	Adjustable
Number of pending sharing invitations per sharing account	50	Yes
NOTE		
 This quota applies only to accounts who are sharing with accounts outside the same organization. 		
 There is no quota to limit how many pending invitations a receiving account can have. 		
 Invitations are not required for resource sharing between accounts in the same organization if you have enabled Sharing with Organizations. 		
Number of tags allowed for a resource share	20	Yes
Retention period of a deleted resource share	48 hours	No
Retention period of a disassociated resource share	48 hours	No
Maximum number of VPC subnets that can be shared per principal	100	No

5 Billing

RAM is a free service. You will not be billed for using RAM-related functions.

For details about the billing for using shared resources, see the billing description for each service in the product documentation.

For more information about the pricing details of billable cloud services, see **Price Calculator**. For how to learn and manage your expenditures, see **Billing Center**.

6 Sharable Cloud Services and Resource Types

Table 6-1 Sharable cloud services and resource types

Cloud Service	Resource Type	Leaving a Resource Share	Application Scenario
Enterprise	er:instanc	Supporte	Working with RAM, Enterprise Router allows you to share enterprise routers in one account with other accounts so that these accounts can attach their network instances to your enterprise router for network connectivity. With resource sharing, you can connect VPCs of different accounts to the same enterprise router for same-region networking on the cloud. For more information, see Sharing Overview.
Router	es	d	

7 Basic Concepts

Resource Owner (Principal Sharing with You)

An account used to create and manage resources. A resource owner can use RAM to create a resource share to share specified resources with other accounts. For details about how to view resource owners, see **Viewing Principals Sharing with You**.

Resource User (Principal You Share With)

The principal that the resource owner shares resources with. A resource user is usually an individual account. When Sharing with Organizations is enabled, a resource user can also be an organization or organizational unit (OU). For details about how to view resource users, see Viewing Principals You Share With.

Resource Share

A unit for resource sharing. Resource shares are created by resource owners. Each resource share consists of one or more resource groups, RAM managed permissions, and principals. For details about how to create a resource share, see **Creating a Resource Share**.

RAM Managed Permission

A permission that defines what actions principals can take on shared resources. There is at least one RAM managed permission for each shareable resource type. If a resource type has only one RAM managed permission, it is used automatically by default. If a resource type has more than one RAM managed permission, you can choose which one to use in a resource share. For details about how to view RAM managed permissions, see Viewing the RAM Permissions Library.

Resource Sharing Invitation

When a resource owner attempts to share resources with principals, RAM issues an invitation. The principals can accept or reject the invitation. When Sharing with Organizations is enabled, a resource owner can share resources with accounts within the same organization, and the accounts accept the resource sharing

invitations by default. For details about how to accept or reject a resource sharing invitation, see **Responding to a Resource Sharing Invitation**.